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1	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
2	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
3	DEPARTMENT NO. 57 HON. PAUL G. BRECKENRIDGE, JR., JUDGE
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5	CHURCH OF SCIENTOLOGY OF CALIFORNIA,)
6	Plaintiff,)
7	VS.
8	GERALD ARMSTRONG, No. C 420 153
9	Defendant.)
10	MARY SUE HUBBARD,
11	Intervenor.)
12)
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14 15	
16	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
17	MONDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1985
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19	APPEARANCES:
20	(See next page)
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27	NANCY L. HARRIS, CSR #644
28	Official Reporter

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1 LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA; MONDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1985; 9:15 A. M. 2 -000-3 THE COURT: Well, good morning. 4 MR. RANDOLPH: Good morning, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: All right. We have the further proceedings 6 on this motion by the United States Government to have access 7 to certain exhibits which the court has previously sealed. 8 A lot of documents have been submitted to the court, and I will 9 state for the record that I have read and considered them, 10 submitted by both sides. 11 There are some objections to certain declarations 12 submitted by Gerald Armstrong and Laurel Sullivan, and those 13 will be deferred until later. I want to sort these things out 14 here, 15 All right, well, let's see. I don't know whether 16 I recognize everybody here. Can we have the names for the 17 record? 18 MR. RANDOLPH: Yes, Your Honor. I am Donald Randolph. 19 I represent the Church of Scientology of California in the 20 cross-complaint. .21 MR. O'TOOLE: Good morning. I am Jeff O'Toole. I was 22 here December 3rd. I represent the Church in the case in 23 Washington. 24 MR. HERTZBERG: Good morning, Your Honor. I also 25 had the pleasure of being here on the 3rd of December. I am 26 Michael Hertzberg, and I am representing Mrs. Hubbard in this 27 matter and we will be arguing on behalf of both Mrs. Hubbard 28 and the Church of Scientology.

1 MR. PETERSON: John Peterson. I represent the Church 2 of Scientology of California in the underlying complaint. 3 MR. MAGNUSON: And Michael Magnuson on behalf of Mary 4 Sue Hubbard in the underlying complaint. 5 MR. HERTZBERG: We also have a new face with us 6 today. Mr. Edward Copeland is in the firm of Rabinowitz, 7 Boudin, Standard, Krinsky & Lieberman. 8 I didn't actually think to ask Mr. Copeland's 9 qualifications before I addressed the court. I am sure he is 10 very well qualified. I have known him for a number of years. 11 He is a member of the New York Bar and various courts. 12 If we reach discrete issues with respect to the 13 motion to strike or seal various declarations, Mr. Copeland 14 is the person that we would request to address the court on 15 that. 16 THE COURT: As I said before, that is the last thing I 17 want to take up today. 18 MR. TOOTHMAN: Your Honor, I am John Toothman of the 19 United States Department of Justice. With me today is Janice 20 McClintock, also of the United States Department of Justice. 21 MS. McCLINTOCK: Good morning, Your Honor. 22 THE COURT: All right. Well, we are going to first deal 23 with the motion relative to the different exhibits. 24 MR. RANDOLPH: Your Honor, I wonder if I might interrupt 25 for a moment as representative of the Church of Scientology 26 in the cross-complaint. 27 The court is aware that there is a 170.6 challenge 28 to this court's jurisdiction which is still pending in the

Court of Appeal by way of writ of prohibition and in the alternative mandamus.

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Therefore, it is the Church's position that inasmuch as the rulings that the court -- the issues presented to the court this morning undertake to affect the rights and potential exhibits in that case, we feel that this court has been divested of jurisdiction until the Court of Appeal has ruled in order to undertake the issues before this court.

THE COURT: All right. You have made your statement. MR. RANDOLPH: Your Honor, secondarily, I wish to note that I hope that the court will accept that my presence here, having made that statement, can be in no way designated as a

waiver of our challenge to the court under the 170.6 challenge.

THE COURT: Well, you have made your statement.

MR. TOOTHMAN: I think we want to make one statement, also.

17 THE COURT: I am going to make this statement. We are 18 not going to have about five different people from the plaintiff 19 or cross-defendants here arguing on these exhibits. We will 20 deal with one exhibit at a time and/or a group of exhibits, 21 and only one counsel is going to argue on behalf of the 22 plaintiff or cross-defendants on that particular aspect. We 23 are not going to have a round-robin type of situation here, 24 and I am not going to get sandbagged between half a dozen 25 different lawyers for the plaintiff or the cross-defendants. 26 You can make your mind up who is going to address the court 27 on a particular exhibit or group of exhibits and that will be 28 it. 2

this, also, but I don't see any relevancy. It doesn't really 1 2 add up to much. so I will sustain the objection. 3 I think that leaves us with five C's. I have never 4 heard these tapes played. I have seen some, I think, drafts 5 of portions and I think parts of them. 6 There is a different problem here as far as the 7 attorney-client privilege is concerned, because it is my 8 recollection of the evidence that these were turned over to 9 Mr. Armstrong as being blank tapes, so that I felt at the time 10 there wasn't any intelligent waiver, giving over of confidential 11 communications, something that was still in confidence. 12 I know that there were attorneys involved in these 13 conversations that were played on tape and attorneys have 14 submitted declarations which I don't question. 15 These are responsible, ethical lawyers in the 16 Los Angeles community that have made these representations and 17 I accept them as what they are. The problem, as a legal 18 proposition, is that notwithstanding what the lawyers may feel 19 about whether they are acting honestly and in good faith, what 20 if the people they are consulting with are not and are seeking 21 to use the lawyers to seek to achieve some unlawful purpose, 22 although the lawyers are acting honestly and in good faith. 23 At least that seems to me the posture of the case or the issue 24 here. 25 The declarations of Mr. Armstrong and Miss Sullivan, 26 and then there is a contrary declaration by Ms. Britowich. 27

So with that in mind, I will hear from both sides. Since the government is the moving party on this, I will hear

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them first.

MR. TOOTHMAN: Your Honor, we have argued two reasons why even if the attorney-client privilege applies, why the court cannot find it's been overridden on this situation.

The first ground is waiver. We find a waiver from two different sets of circumstances.

7 The first is how the tapes came into Mr. Armstrong's 8 possession. We have submitted a new declaration from 9 Mr. Armstrong which we submitted with our reply brief. It 10 explains how he got the tapes, and in that declaration it seems -11 plain that there was an understanding of what the tapes were 12 and why they were being given to him, and there was a knowing 13 waiver or giving of the tapes to Mr. Armstrong for his turning 14 them over to Mr. Garrison.

15 Second of all, Your Honor, the Church has made 16 various arguments and statements about what MCCS was all about, 17 and we believe under Section 912, they at least engaged in a 18 limited waiver of the privilege with respect to these tapes, 19 because they made a significant disclosure of what the project 20 was all about, and the tapes would only be useful then to 21 determine whether or not the Church's representations were 22 correct.

Second of all, Your Honor, we have argued that the tapes reflect the planning or commission of crimes or fraud which would be an exception to the privilege, also. We have offered to support our statement with various pieces of information. We have offered declarations by Gerald Armstrong, two of them, one of them attached to the reply and one attached

1	to our initial memorandum.
2	Both of these declarations describe the Mission
3	Category Sort Out, and it is based on his personal knowledge,
4	what its purposes were.
5	Second of all, we have offered a declaration from
6	Laurel Sullivan which also describes MCCS based on her persona
7	knowledge and concludes that the project was intended to plan
8	to commit the crime of fraud. These conclusions one can draw
9	from looking at these declarations. These declarations
10	represent extrinsic evidence of the crime of fraud involved.
11	Of course, the tape recordings themselves would
12	also be the best evidence of exactly what was going on in this
13	particular case in the course of MCCS.
14	To put this all in context, we have also offered
15	other extrinsic evidence of what MCCS might have been about
16	based in part on the stipulation of evidence from the Mary Sue
17	Hubbard crimes case, the Tax Court's decision and proceedings
18	in this case. These are all proceedings in which decisions
19	have been made which would suggest that MCCS was part of a
20	pattern.
21	Now we are not saying that the stipulation or the
22	Tax Court decision talked about MCCS specifically. They deal
23	with things that happened before MCCS, but they show the
24	pattern. They are circumstantial proof of the kinds of things
25	the Church has done to foil principally the IRS, basically to
26	mislead the IRS about L. Ron Hubbard's control of the Church,
27	the money he received from the Church and the Church corporate

structure. This is all being done as part of an elaborate

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1 scheme to avoid responsibility under the law for paying taxes. 2 We believe that the Tax Court decision and the 3 stipulation of evidence are good, circumstantial evidence of 4 the types of things the Church was doing that might be construed 5 to be fraud or crime. 6 In fact, for instance, the Tax Court decision 7 specifically found that the Church had violated 18 USC Section 8 371, which has to do with tax evasion, I believe. However. 9 it is described completely in our brief. 10 We would also point out that in terms of technically 11 invoking the privilege with respect to the tapes, we do have 12 some technical problems. We understand that Your Honor is 13 satisfied that there were attorney-client communications going 14 on, but we would simply point out that our analysis of the 15 Murphy declaration and the Britowich declaration submitted by 16 the Church shows that it is very confused about exactly what 17 was going on, who was there, who they represented, whether 18 there actually was an attorney-to-client communication for 19 purposes of seeking legal advice. 20 It even appears from Mr. Murphy's declaration that 21 he probably wasn't even attending the very meetings in question 22 here, at least we haven't seen any indication that he was from 23 either of the declarations, and he doesn't come out and say 24 it in so many words. 25 That is all we have to say, Your Honor. 26 THE COURT: Mr. Hertzberg?

MR. HERTZBERG: Yes, Your Honor.

As I think the court recognized in its preliminary

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remarks, this court has previously rejected, in the transcript 1 2 at Page 4636, this waiver argument that the government is 3 attempting to resuscitate, an argument that was made by 4 Mr. Flynn, the exact same argument at trial, and there is 5 nothing factually in the new Armstrong declaration which was 6 submitted by the government. 7 After we had pointed out what the law was on this 8 issue and the prior ruling of the court, there is nothing new 9 which could in any way enable this court to find that there 10 was a waiver. 11 I think that clearly the point that they are 12 pinning all their hopes on is this generalized, fairly 13 unspecific crime of fraud allegation which they make, in 14 essence, in the following way. 15 Mr. Toothman referred to the stipulation of 16 evidence in the criminal case. Of course, that criminal case 17 had nothing to do with control of the Church and the IRS and 18 whatever the Church's corporate relationships might be among 19 various entities and Mr. Hubbard. Mr. Toothman knows that. 20 He also acknowledged and conceded that the Tax 21 Court case was four years before these tapes were involved. 22 I want to pause for a moment when we discuss the Tax Court 23 decision because the Tax Court decision which found that there 24 was inurement did not -- and which is on appeal, is exactly 25 an example of the kind of reason that one retains corporate 26 and tax expert attorneys to help one avoid these kinds of 27 problems. 28 Inurement in itself is not a fraud and inurement

is not a crime. The result of inurement is one loses a
possible tax benefit, a tax exemption. Nothing nefarious about
that but, of course, an organization that might have had a
certain amount of disarray in its corporate and interpersonal
structures might want to avail themselves of a tax exemption
and all the tax benefits that any United States citizen would
normally want to avail themselves if they are available.

8 So, what do they do? They go and consult attorneys, 9 attorneys who are experts in these matters, to straighten 10 things out. Lay people can't straighten these things out, and 11 I think that is significant, too. Attorneys straighten them 12 out, and there is no dispute that essentially attorneys were 13 brought in here to help the church at a juncture subsequent 14 to the years in which later on inurement was found, to help 15 the church restructure its organizations.

16 Now, the Armstrong case, which is the only other 17 proceeding that Mr. Toothman incorporates by reference to the 18 crime/fraud theory, it seems to be Mr. Toothman is relying on 19 the findings of this court, which have yet to be held on appeal, 20 about some bad acts, a private dispute between Mr. Armstrong 21 and the Church which has become public, unfortunately, in 22 litigation, and I think the picture he is trying to paint is 23 the Church is bad. Mr. Hubbard is bad.

Look at a general pattern, Judge. That is what
Mr. Toothman is saying. Look at a general pattern. These are
bad people. Everything they do, even when they hire attorneys
and consult with them, has to be for a bad purpose.

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That is the kind of theory that we are hearing,

and I submit that that is not enough. That is not sufficient in the context of these tapes.

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3 Now, let's look at these particular declarations, because that is the only other thing that the government relies 5 on for their independent proof. Not only will I hope to 6 convince this court that those declarations did not support 7 the government's position, but, in fact, I think that the 8 declaration of Laurel Sullivan is very close, closely aligned 9 to the declaration of Lisa Britowich and of the attorney 10 Murphy, and that it, in fact, substantiates our position on 11 the presumptively privileged and legitimate aspect of these 12 conferences.

13 We will turn to Mr. Armstrong first. The first 14 declaration that Mr. Armstrong submitted, your Honor, is 15 essentially a recycling of a prior declaration that he 16 submitted in this case, which was sealed by this court at 17 Page 4692 of the transcript, and why does the court seal it? 18 Because Mr. Armstrong does something impermissible in the 19 context of California evidentiary law.

20 He relies on the contents of the privileged 21 document to try to pierce the privilege. That is what this 22 first declaration is.

23 As you know, Your Honor, there is pending, as Your 24 Honor referred to earlier in the hearing, as indicated, we will 25 defer to the end of the day, there is a brief which indicates 26 why this declaration and his second declaration and 27 Miss Sullivan's declaration are not properly in the record. 28 All three of them are not properly in the record in this court.

This one is just a retread. It is almost identical 1 2 if it is not, in fact, the identical declaration that was 3 excluded by this court at Page 4692. 4 While I am at that, while I have touched for the 5 moment on the prior rulings of this court, let me indicate to 6 this court, remind this court of what other evidentiary rulings 7 it made at the trial on these tapes. 8 At 4367 the court found that the conversations 9 were presumptively within the attorney-client privilege, also 10 at Pages 259 and '60. 11 This court, as you will recall, restricted Laurel Sullivan's testimony at trial to facts that she learned before 12 13 February '80 -- excuse me, before February of 1980, the time 14 that the first of the two MCCS Missions started up. 15 This court sealed or struck the Armstrong 16 declaration, which is similar to the new one that the 17 government is submitting, out. As I indicated and this court 18 said at several points, you can't show the tapes are not 19 privileged by the contents. 20 I think Your Honor is aware of that and accepts 21 that as a premise for our discussion today. 22 Now, let's turn to the second Armstrong declaration. 23 It is interesting for several reasons. 24 First of all, the kinds of allegations it makes, 25 it goes way beyond anything that Laurel Sullivan said, and as 26 Your Honor will recollect at trial, it was Mr. Flynn's position, 27 and I think it was accepted by this court, that if anybody 28 knew or the person who knew more about the MCCS Mission between

Mr. Armstrong and Miss Sullivan had to be Miss Sullivan. That Mr. Armstrong's position was tangential, to say the least, and yet Mr. Armstrong makes these extremely overbroad, generalized allegations, including the one at paragraph 2 on Page 3 - I think it is misnumbered, should be Page 2, in which he says all of the activities performed by anyone involved in the MCCS Mission, including the attorneys, was done for a fraudulent purpose and, in fact, Your Honor, the government's theory in their papers was that the attorneys were active participants in this fraud.

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It is in their briefs, and Your Honor, I think, in beginning this and leaving open the possibility, left open the possibility that the attorneys were dupes, that these attorneys, who are prominent firms in this city, were so unsophisticated that they could be used by the people of the Church of Scientology to perpetrate a fraud. That they could be used in the furtherance of a fraud.

This is not even the government's theory. That is not what Mr. Armstrong says. Mr. Armstrong says the lawyers 20 were part of the fraud, and I think this court should hold their feet in the fire, that if you don't buy that theory, it 22 all goes out the window because that is what Mr. Armstrong is 23 saying. He is putting his credibility on the line, and that 24 is what the government says in their brief, I think, at Page 25 21. I am not sure.

26 Then he makes the conclusionary statement in 27 paragraph 3:

"The two meetings which were described

1	"in my prior affidavit were part of a series	
2	of meetings whose purpose it was to obtain	
3	the fraudulent and illegal objective of	
4	the MCCS Mission."	
5	He says those meetings had to be part of it. That	
6	is pretty interesting. Let me tell you what there is in this	
7	record, Your Honor, that could support a finding by Your Honor	
8	that Mr. Armstrong was not in a position to make that kind of	
9	allegation.	
10	As the court will recall, there was a representation	
11	made, not rebutted by Mr. Flynn at the trial, that there were	
12	two stages of the MCCS project. There was a first project that	-
13	began in 1980 in February, and then there was a second MCCS	
14	project which began in July of 1980, six months later, and that	8
15	it had a separate set of mission orders.	
16	Mr. Armstrong, who clearly doesn't say he attended	
17	these meetings and who clearly doesn't describe what relation-	
18	ship he had, what positions he was in to observe what the	
;9	purpose of the second MCCS project was which was going on in	
20	September of 1980 when these meetings occurred, Mr. Armstrong	
21	doesn't tell you why he would know anything about that and,	
22	in fact, the record will indicate that he couldn't because we	
23	have, Your Honor, a declaration of Mr. Armstrong made up in	
24	1982, not one of these recent declarations in contemplation	
25	of this litigation by, let's face it, a hostile or adverse	
26	witness who has been sued by the Church and now has a claim	
27	pending against him. 1982, Your Honor.	
28	What does Mr. Armstrong say in 1982 before he	

1 talks to the government or before he knew what the issues 2 might be here. I will begin with paragraph 12: 3 "In or about June of 1980 I became 4 free of my MCCS and Purification campaign 5 duties and was able to spend more time on 6 the archives materials." 7 Et cetera, et cetera. 8 That is interesting. One month before the second 9 MCCS project, which was the one that is at issue here, he is 10 free of his MCCS duties. And then we have a little help in 11 paragraph 14 from Mr. Armstrong as to what he was doing after 12 he was free from them: 13 "In September of 1980" -- I quote --14 "I met Mr. Garrison in England and discussed 15 with him the possibility of him writing the 16 biography and what documentation and assistance 17 would be made available." 18 Now, September is when these two meetings took 19 place, the 28th and 29th, according to the government. We 20 don't quibble with that. 21 What was Mr. Armstrong doing in September? 22 According to the record in this case, Exhibit 9, Your Honor, 23 in September, including the 28th and 29th of September when 24 these meetings took place, when these lawyers were in the most 25 concentrated aspect of their consultations and meetings with 26 the client, Mr. Armstrong is in England because, according to 27 Exhibit 9, this voucher that Mr. Armstrong with his signature 28 submitted for reimbursement, among other things, phone calls

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made in England in pence, five pay phones in U.K. on the 28th. There are some of them on the 27th, on the 29th and days afterward.

4 Mr. Armstrong wasn't here, Your Honor. I would 5 submit that in view of what this court knew already about 6 Mr. Armstrong's tangential relationship to the project at its 7 inception, what this court knows from this declaration about 8 Mr. Armstrong's total noninvolvement with the second stage of 9 the MCCS project, the stage that Mr. Murphy's declaration 10 addresses, this court's knowledge from Exhibit 9 that 11 Nr. Armstrong and from his own declaration was in England 12 during the time of the meetings we are talking about, two-13 specific meetings, when we talk about these tapes, the 14 discrepancies between what Mr. Armstrong is willing to say and 15 including allegations that the lawyers were involved in fraud, 16 and Ms. Sullivan is willing to say, I say to Your Honor that 17 you should not give any weight to Mr. Armstrong's second 18 declaration.

You must disregard his first one because it
 contravenes the prior rulings of this court in accordance with
 the California statutes, which does not allow these kinds of
 conclusionary allegations to be made on the basis of the
 material which they are seeking to pierce.

Let's turn to Miss Sullivan's declaration, because this is the one I like. This is dated August 20, 1984, and it consists of 19 paragraphs. This is a big independent proof, Your Honor, on the crime of fraud.

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1 Incidentally, I know parenthetically I don't 2 think the government is serious about the crime allegations and they have back-pedaled severely in their reply papers 3 4 because after they read our listing of the statutes; they 5 cited that they may have violated this statute, they may 6 have violated that statute, they could have violated this 7 statute, and when we cited the law to the government on 8 how mere allegations of counsel and speculation are not 9 sufficient, they didn't seriously press it. 10 They, I think, realistically, Your Honor, 11 are pursuing the theory of a fraud, a fraud in which the 12 lawyers participated knowingly and turning to the two 13 paragraphs here which Miss Sullivan addresses the Corporate 14 Sort-Out, I want to focus on paragraph 17 in which she 15 describes the exact sequence of events, and I am going to 16 read the whole paragraph: 17 Numerous proposals for this 18 restructuring were developed and discussed 19 by high officials of the Church." 20 Now, listen to this: 21 *Legal advice was also sought 22 to ascertain whether the restructuring could 23 be accomplished legally. The project dragged 24 on for longer than necessary because of a 25 disagreement I had with David Miscavige. 26 I was unwilling to structure the Church 27 in a fashion whereby L. Ron Hubbard could 28 → continue to assume control at any moment.

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I determined that for L. Ron Hubbard's own 1 safety he should never ---2 THE COURT: There is no "never" in there. 3 MR. HERTZBERG: I am sorry. Did I say "never"? 4 I meant "sever, he should sever all controls." I misspoke, 5 Your Honor. 6 "I determined that for L. Ron Hubbard's 7 own safety he should sever all controls. 8 Miscavige insisted that L. Ron Hubbard be 9 able to maintain control. Therefore, 10 Mission Corporate Category Sort-Out was 11 disbanded ... et cetera, et cetera. 12 First of all, out of Kiss Sullivan's own -13 mouth, and this is a much more narrow and I think proper 14 interpretation of what was going on, the legal advice was 15 also sought so as to ascertain whether the restructuring 16 could be accomplished legally. 17 That fits in exactly with Lisa Britowich's 18 19 declaration. It is not inconsistent with it in any way. It is completely and entirely consistent with Mr. Murphy, 20 the attorney's declaration. 21 22 What I find very interesting here, in 23 addition, Your Honor, is the statement that there was a dispute within the Church about how to utilize the on-going 24 25 advice that was being given by the attorneys. This doesn't 26 speak of a single fraudulent, omnipotent fraudulent 27 purpose as implied by Mr. Toothman in their papers and in 28 their argument. There was discussion. There was eventually

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a dispute about what course of action to follow. Subsequently other lawyers were hired.

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Now, Your Honor, that doesn't bespeak of this fraudulent purpose at all. That bespeaks of an attorney-client relationship in the traditional sense in which lawyers are hired to consult, to be consulted, to determine whether corporate restructuring could be done, how it can be done in a legal way, and then a discussion internally about how to utilize their advice. Then, in fact, at the end significantly hiring other laywers, not going off on their own, the Church hiring other lawyers for advice.

I would presume that you would ascribe for all lawyers from your remarks that they would not be party, that there would be a presumption by this court, that they would not be a party to a fraud.

Now, let's turn to what is against this iclaration and let's leave aside Lisa Britowich's declaration for a moment. Let's look at Mr. Murphy's declaration. What does Mr. Murphy tell us? He is from a prominent firm, the Rosenfeld firm. There were other prominent firms involved; Ball, Hunt and Ervin, Cohen & Jessup. These are names which I understand are among the cream of the cream in Los Angeles corporate law firm world. He is in there and this is a man of experience. This is not a man who is one year out of law school, Your Honor. He has many years of experience in his area of expertise is in corporate and tax matters, Your Honor, and he has a colleague from

1 the firm whose area of expertise is intellectual property. 2 All these areas of expertise are exactly coincident with 3 what Lisa Britowich said is the purpose of this MCCS project which was to sort out the Corporate problems that may have 4 5 existed which we know, in fact, from the tax court decision. 6 if it is upheld, probably did exist, and to look out for the 7 different, separate Corporate lines which included, of 8 course, the entertainment kinds of fields because obviously 9 some of the properties dealt with writings of Mr. Hubbard, 10 files of Mr. Hubbard.

We don't have some clients going to some perhaps second or third-rate lawyer or firm and slinking into the night and asking them for advice, Your Honor. There was a whole line-up of people there. There were many attorneys, and they were in areas of specialty, the appropriate specialties, Your Honor, for exactly this kind of project.

18 Mr. Hurphy says he dealt with Laurel Sullivan 19 on almost a daily basis, that Laurel Sullivan knew that the 20 purpose of this mission, what it was, that there should be 21 attorney-client privilege confidentiality, and most 22 important of all, Mr. Hurphy points out that there was a 23 full disclosure to him, lots of disclosure. There was lots 24 of paper going back and forth between the law firms and 25 the client and, of course, there were the conferences, 26 lots of consultations, Your Honor.

This isn't somebody going to somebody and saying, "How can I get a phony export license? How can I

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get around this? How can I get around that?" 1 There are all these lawyers there, Your 2 Bonor. They are all from prominent firms. They are doing 3 what they do all the time. They are giving a corporate 4 5 client with multiple tax and corporate problems advice in a soptisticated way about how to handle these matters and 6 7 make right anything that was wrong and, of course, the government recognizes from the Upjohn case and all the other 8 9 cases that that is exactly what you do when you go to a 10 lawyer.

You can't very well have a lawyer help you 11 if you don't tell him where the skeletons are in the closet. 12 You can't do that, so, of course, in the course of the 13 14 communications, including apparently these conferences, 15 there was a frank discussion about where the state of 16 affairs were at the time, but that doesn't mean, it doesn't follow from that that these discussions were in 17 furtherance of a future crime or fraud which, of course, 18 19 Your Honor knows is what is required by the statute and the 20 other things Mr. Murphy says are there was not any indicia 21 of crime or fraud in his view, not an indicia of it or he and his firm would have withdrawn. 22

I submit to Your Honor if the government abandons their theory as stated in their brief that the lawyers.were part and parcel, knowing participants in this crime and fraud and now argues, because you have left that crack open, the possibility that they were unwitting dupes, you are doing a tremendous disservice to Mr. Hurphy and his

firm, and all the other lawyers who are out there.

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We submitted Mr. Murphy's declaration because we think it will be dispositive, but you have to imply that none of those people knew that they were having the wool pulled over their eyes by people who never went to law school, by people who were working in the church. That is what is implicit in even the unwitting dupe argument, Your Honor, which is the one you addressed, and I would say, Your Honor, that is unrealistic.

I want to indicate as far as your consideration 10 of the tapes is concerned, this is our position and it is 11 supported by the case law. It is clear that in the first 12 13 instance in considering whether they can make a prima facie case that overrides the privilege, it is abundantly clear 14 and has been recognized by this court that you may not go 15 to the contents of the case. You must only look at their 16 purported independent evidence. Now, if you find that there 17 is a prima facie case, and we all know what prima facie 18 means, the lawyers and the judges. Prima facie means 19 20 a threshold showing. We do not believe it is at that point 21 that you can listen to the tapes and argue and we would also at that point suggest that there be an in-camera 22 23 submission of various documents that we would make, including 24 the Hission Corporate Sort-Out order that applied to this 25 Mission which is applicable, which is directly applicable 26 here, and other materials which we consider privileged, 27 Your Honor, and we would submit those to you in camera and 28 then you can resolve what it is that might be inconsistent,

if there are inconsistencies between what Laurel Sullivan 1 says and what Jim Murphy and Lisa Britowich say. 2 That has to be the second step. Prima facie 3 means just what it means. It means prima facie, and we 4 5 maintain that they are nowhere near having a prima facie case on this record before Your Bonor, nowhere near it, 6 keeping in mind Mr. Murphy's declaration especially and 7 the language of Laurel Sullivan's declaration, knowing how 8 the advice of the attorneys was considered by the Church. 9 But if you do find that they reached a prima 10 facie case, that is the beginning of the inquiry. It is 11 not the end of the inquiry. Then, at that point you can do 12 13 what Kr. Toothman suggests you do but which the California law doesn't say you can do, and that is listen to the tapes. 14 THE COURT: Anything further, Mr. Toothman? 15 16 HR. TOOTHMAN: I will try to be brief. 17 Your Honor, we brought Laurel Sullivan and Gerry Armstrong to the courtroom today. If there is 18 19 any question about what they meant by their declarations 20 or whether declarations night be inadequate, we'd be more 21 than happy to put them on the stand and have them testify. 22 I will be done in a few minutes. 23 First of all, Mr. Hertzberg's description of 24 the tax court decision left out a couple of things. He 25 did admit that the tax court decision concerns inurement 26 to Mr. Bubbard and his family. He omitted to describe 27 the fact that the holding is also based on the court's 28 finding that the Church was engaged in a commercial

enterprise, and that this Church's behavior was against public policy and therefore that the Church was not entitled to tax exemption.

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Your Bonor, perhaps the best evidence of what went on at NCCS on that day is the fact that as Mr. Armstrong has stated in his declaration based on his listening to the tapes which were given to him and then from bim to Mr. Garrison, in the words of the Church's own attorney, Mr. Parcelle, he described what had happened as fraud. I think there couldn't be any more powerful evidence of exactly what went on that day.

The attorneys' intent and the fact that they belonged to reputable law firms, and the fact that they are extremely reputable attorneys in particular fields is not relevant, Your Honor. It is the intent of the clients. Your Honor has already pointed this out and we pointed it out in our briefs.

We are not saying these attorneys were involved in the fraud. We are not saying they were duped. We are not saying anything about that. The only thing we are concerned with is the Church's intent.

As Mr. Hertzberg has acknowledged, we need only make a prima facie showing, which is something more than a bare allegation. I think we have done this. We bave three declarations. We have declarations based on other proceedings. I think it should be adequate. We don't believe a further hearing is necessary. We have been through this for six months already.

When we suggested that evidence should be 1 offered today, the Church spent a great deal of time and 2 effort to make sure that couldn't be done. If Your Honor 3 listens to the tapes or perhaps just based on the 4 declarations we have offered, I think that there is ample 5 evidence for the court to conclude according to any 6 standard that the crime fraud exception to the privilege 7 has been established. 8 Turning to Mr. Arestrong's first declaration, 9 it is not true that it is all based just on his listening 10 to the tape recordings. Hr. Hertzberg has testified himself 11 personally at length about where Hr. Armstrong was at various 12 13 tines. I think Mr. Armstrong is very clear that he 14 is talking about, number one, his knowledge of MCCS, his 15 16 personal knowledge of MCCS which is, even Mr. Bertzberg scens to admit, is something that he could have had even 17 though he was in England on the particular days in question. 18 19 Second of all, he does quote from the tapes 20 themselves in referring to the declaration we submitted 21 with our memorandum. Mr. Armstrong unequivocally states 22 in paragraph 3 of his declaration: 23 "The purpose of MCCS was to 24 restructure the Church of Scientology and, 25 by so doing, conceal L. Ron Hubbard's control 26 of the Church of Scientology and develop 27 strategies to effectuate actual control 28 of Scientology by Mr. Hubbard without his

incurring legal responsibility for the activities 1 of the Church of Scientology." 2 I think it is pretty clear that is not 3 conclusionary. He just states a fact. However, any 4 lawyer can look at these facts and wonder about whether 5 fraud had been conmitted or even a crime. 6 Mr. Armstrong's second declaration in 7 paragraph 2 he again discusses the initiation of the MCCS 8 9 Mission which Mr. Hertzberg has admitted Mr. Armstrong is privy to, and in the third sentence of his second paragraph 10 of this particular declaration which was submitted with 11 12 our reply brief as exhibit C, Mr. Armstrong states: 13 "This" - meaning the MCCS -14 "was done to hide Hubbard's control of the 15 Church of Scientology and the numerous benefits 16 he inured from it." 17 That is based on his personal knowledge of what was going on at that time because he was involved in 18 19 the MCCS up to a certain point. 20 Finally, Hr. Hertzberg discusses Laurel 21 Sullivan's declaration at length. He particularly focuses 22 on paragraph 17. I would focus on paragraph 16 which 23 discusses again the purposes of MCCS and states: 24 "The structure I was to establish 25 was also intended to facilitate the funneling 26 of Scientology funds to L. Ron Hubbard to 27 avoid impairing the tax-exempt status of the 28 > Church due to the distribution of Church funds

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for Mr. Hubbard's personal benefit." 1 She continues: 2 "Another goal of this project 3 was to insulate Mr. Hubbard from legal 4 process by creating the impression that 5 Mr. Eubbard was no longer associated with 6 7 the Church." Again, these are not conclusionary statements. 8 They are facts that she knew. They are also facts that 9 10 suggest that the purpose of this program was to commit 11 fraud. Just put this in context at the time MCCS 12 was being planned the tax court litigation which he discussed 13 14 in which he even offered the opinion from was then going 15 on, so it was most convenient that the Church could be 16 sitting down at that time to be doing this tax planning at 17 the same time that it was trying to take some sort of 18 litigation posture before the tax court. 19 Mr. Hertzberg has suggested that we are 20 withdrawing from our previous position on whether crimes 21 have been committed in addition to the fraud. Frankly, 22 Your Honor, we don't like to make allegations about whether 23 crimes have been committed until we see the evidence. We 24 believe based on what we know about MCCS from the 35 declarations and from these proceedings in the Armstrong 26 court that it is a possibility that crimes were being planned, 27 but we don't want to say without hearing the tapes whether 28 that is a fact or not.

We were using general language or language that seemed to be conditional merely out of an abundance of caution with respect to the Church. We didn't want to make an accusation that we couldn't prove.

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Pinally the MCCS project was clearly a planning project. It wasn't a project based on just the review of historical facts. I believe Mr. Murphy's declaration, also the Church brief makes it quite clear that the purpose of MCCS was perhaps to plan in light of past facts, but certainly above all else to plan for the future.

That concludes my remarks, Your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Well, I guess I have heard you gentlemen 13 talking for some time and I have had a lot of thoughts 14 about this thing for a long time, and I start up with the 15 proposition that at the trial I was not satisfied there was 16 a waiver and nothing has been submitted to me since that 17 would convince me to change my position that there was not 18 a vaiver. 19

As I recall the evidence and the declaration, the tape was given to Mr. Armstrong with the apparent belief that it was blank and he would use it for dictating and for other purposes in the course of the biography project.

As far as the crime fraud exception, of
course, I accept the California law that you can't look
at the conversation itself to make that determination. You
have to find other independent evidence. Mr. Flynn had a

lot of problem with that at the trial, I remember, and so I operate from that assumption. If I am wrong, I am wrong. But I operate from the assumption I cannot look at what is on the tape to determine whether the crime fraud exception applies.

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Now, Mr. Armstrong's and Miss Sullivan's 6 7 declarations. Of course, they testified at the trial and one of the problems that we had in the trial of this was 8 that a lot of information that Miss Sullivan became aware 9 10 of in this project was information that she became aware 11 of as part of this attorney-client situation. This 12 information that she became aware of and didn't want to 13 take the time or the effort at that time to try to sort it 14 out and try to figure out what perhaps she knew from her 15 previous experiences and that which she acquired as working, 16 in effect, as a legal assistant preparing for the Sort-Out 17 project.

I have already indicated I don't have any 18 19 quarrel with the credibility of Mr. Murphy. I am 20 satisfied that he was acting honestly and in good faith. 21 It brings us down to a problem of where this attorney-22 client privilege stands and the role of the attorney, 23 while I suppose it has been denigrated in the public media 24 from time to time, it still plays an important role in our 25 society and in the manner in which we deal with the 26 courts and government and so forth. I think that prohably 27 on balance that the public policy which favors full and 28 open Communication between a client and lawyer has to

prevail over the suggestion that there was some secret 1 2 intent on the part of the person who is communicating with 3 the lawyer. It would be too easy to set aside the 4 privilege if that were the fact, at least in the absence 5 of very strong evidence to that effect. 6 So, I am going to sustain the privilege solely 7 as to what is on that tape. I don't want anybody suggesting 8 that I have gone any further than that. Just as to what is 9 10 on that tape is concerned, I am finding that privileged. 11 I will sustain the objection. 12 MR. HERT2BERG: You mean both tapes? 13 THE COURT: Is there more than one? 14 MR. HERTZBERG: There are two tapes. 15 THE COURT: Whatever is here. I don't know what is 16 on them other than some reference to partial transcripts, 17 so that is the order. 18 Now, so far as this sealing, which affidavit 19 do you want sealed? Do you want me to order some affidavits 20 in some other litigation are sealed? 21 MR. COPELAND: No, Your Bonor. We think that what 22 is here in front of Your Honor is the affidavits that have 23 been filed here. The situation is as follows, and I think 24 it will be very simple to deal with, Your Honor, and I 25 will not revisit any of the arguments that have come up. 26 There is the Armstrong affidavit in which 27 he sets forth the various, what he purports to be

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1	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
2	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES		
3	DEPARTMENT NO. 57 HON. PAUL G. BRECKENRIDGE, JR., JUDGE		
3	DEPARTMENT NO. 37 BON. PAOL G. BRECKENKIDGE/ UK., CODE		
5			
6	CEURCH OF SCIENTOLOGY OF CALIFORNIA,)		
	Plaintiff,)		
7	VS.)		
8	GERALD ARMSTRONG,) No. C 420 153		
9	Defendant.) REPORTER'S) CERTIFICATE		
10	MARY SUE HUBBARD,		
11	Intervenor.)		
12)		
13	STATE OF CALIFORNIA)		
14	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES)		
15			
16	I, NANCY L. HARRIS, Official Reporter of the Superior		
17	Court of the State of California, for the County of Los		
18	Angeles, do hereby certify that the foregoing pages, 1		
19	through 84, comprise a true and correct transcript of		
20	the proceedings held in the above-entitled case on		
21	Pebruary 11, 1985.		
22	Dated this 12th day of February, 1985.		
23			
24			
25			
26	/s/ Nancy L. Harris CSR #644		
27	Official Reporter		
28			